

W-Band, Active Frequency Multiplier

WR-10/X6/75-110GHz /12dBm Output Power

Model: TMAM-075110-0612-10

TMAM-075110-0612-10 is an active X6 frequency multiplier. The multiplier has an input frequency of 12.5 to 18.33 GHz with a typical input power of +5 dBm and an output frequency of 75 to 110 GHz with a output power of +12 dBm. The DC power requirement for the multiplier is +12 V DC/130 mA. The input port configuration is a female SMA connector and the output is a WR-10 waveguide with a UG-387/U-M anti-cocking flange.

Features:

- Output Frequency:70-110GHz
- Output Power :12dBm Min
- Low power consumption

Applications:

- Frequency Extenders
- THz Systems

Electrical Characteristics:

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Frequency	75		110	GHz
Output Power	12			dBm
Input Frequency	12.5		18.33	GHz
Input Power	3	5	7	dBm
Multiply Factor		6		
Harmonics Suppression		-30		dBc
Input VSWR		2		:1
Output VSWR		2		:1
DC Voltage		12		V
DC Supply Current		130		mA

Mechanical Specifications:

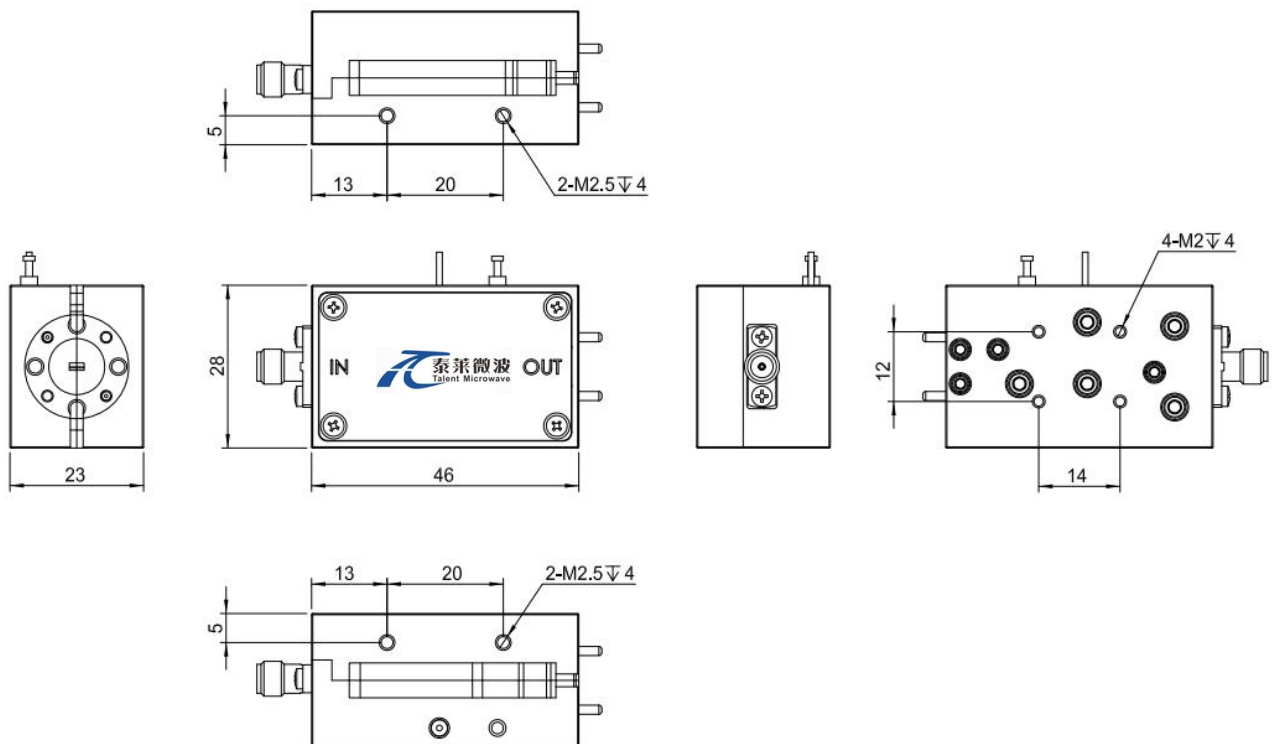
Parameter	Value	Units
Output Connector	WR-10/UG-387/U	
Input Connector	SMA Female	
DC Bias	Solder Pin	
Size	46*28*23	mm

Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Parameter	Value
Supply Bias Voltage	+15 V
RF Input Power	+10 dBm
ESD sensitivity (HBm)	Class 0, passed 150V

Outline Drawing:

Unit:mm



Environmental Conditions:

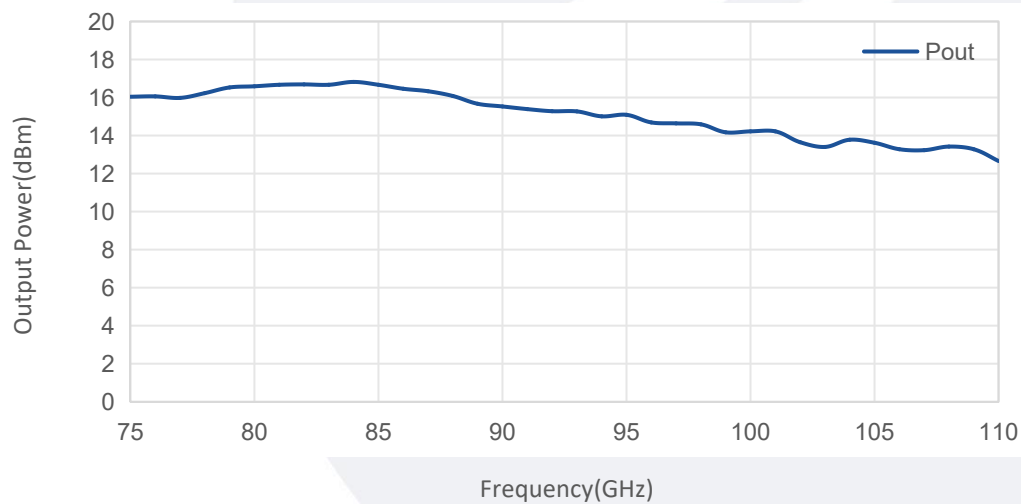
Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Operating Temperature	-10		+65	°C
Non-operating Temperature	-45		+85	°C
Relative humidity		95		%
Altitude	50,000			feet
Shock / Vibration(MIL-STD-810F)	25g rms (15 degree 2KHz) endurance, 1 hour per axis			
Shock(non operating)	20G for 11msc half sin wave,3 axis both directions			

Ordering Information:

Base Number	Description	Revision
TMAM-075110-0612-10	W-Band,Active Multiplier,X6,75-110GHz, Output Power:12dBm,WR-10/UG-387/U,SMA Female	Rev.1.1

Typical Performance Data:

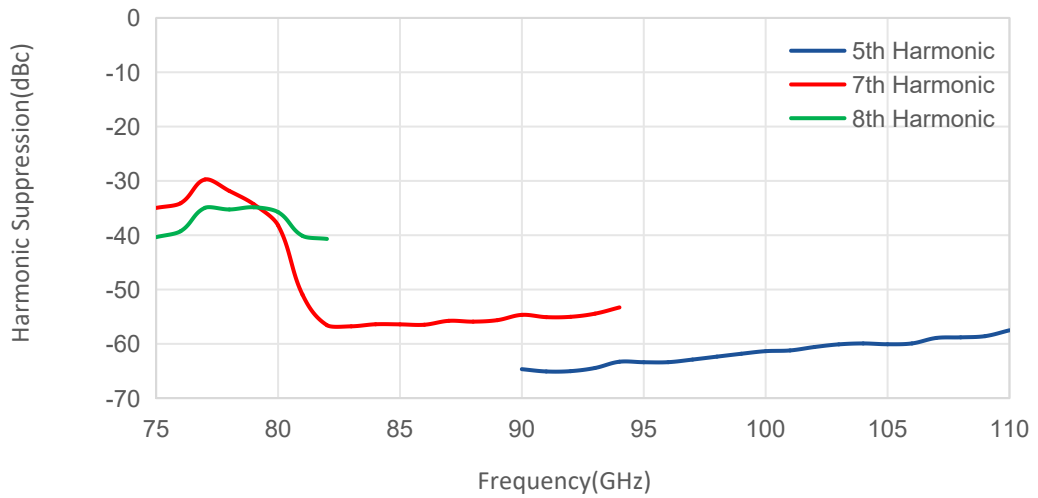
Output Power vs Frequency



Note: Above data is for ref only, actual data may vary from unit to unit depending on operating environment and other factors like material lots etc.

Typical Performance Data:

Harmonic Suppression vs Frequency



Note: Above data is for ref only, actual data may vary from unit to unit depending on operating environment and other factors like material lots etc.